(XLIst YEAR.) THE (No. 2023)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1785.

ALGIERS, *June 27.*

ON the 5th of this month a French [illegible] from Cadiz entered this port, having on board M. le compte d'Espili, charged with full power from the king of Spain to treat for a peace. On the 7th, the compte had an audience of the dey, who received him in a friendly manner. On the 12th, two Spanish men of war of 74 guns, a frigate of 36, and a brigantine of 18, under the command of rear-admiral don J. Massorado, came into the roads near the castle, displaying the white flag. Next morning the dey sent out a boat, bearing also the white flag, in which were the French consul, his chancellor, and the captain of the port, who remained on board the ships until three o'clock in the afternoon; on their departure the Spanish commander saluted them with seven guns. The consul reported to the dey, that the commander had come expressly, by order of the king, to conclude a peace, to which the dey answered, that "it was well," and he was pleased with his intention.

VIENNA, *July 16.* It is reported, that the empress of Russia has agreed to furnish the emperor with 30,000 Tartar cavalry, completely equipped for war; for which she is to be paid 30 florins per head. It is said the emperor will set out for Petersburg on the first of September.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *July 25.* Messaab-effey, who, on the late revolution, was advanced to the dignity of Mufti, is deposed, after enjoying that office only six weeks; and he is succeeded by Arabrade-Effendi. The Testerdar is also disgraced. The regret of the people for the death of the late grand vizir, who was inhumanly beheaded, every day becomes more poignant.

ROTTERDAM, *July 30.* Last Monday, at six in the morning, an extraordinary courier arrived from Vienna with news that the commissioners of the republic had experienced a most gracious reception from his imperial majesty, who assured them, that he would immediately issue orders for the pacific negotiations to be resumed at Paris, between his minister and those of the republic, under the mediation of his most Christian majesty.

LONDON, *August 6.*

Admitting that the French prohibitory edict should in some degree affect the consumption of British goods in that country, we may on the other hand, reasonably expect the advantage of new and additional demands for other markets, since the proudest nation on earth thus publicly declares to the world, that English manufactures are preferred even by Frenchmen themselves as far superior in quality to their own.

A gentleman who came from New-Brunswick a short time since, declares that in a very few years, the new settlers will be able to supply the West-India islands with all the articles they used to derive from New-England before the war; he adds, the number of settlers is rapidly increasing, and the progress made in clearing the land truly astonishing.

Some politicians offer considerable wagers that the new states are divided among the different powers of Europe, in the course of five years.—This is certain, that if the Europeans could agree about the division—the boasted dominion of the new states would be sunk into separate dependencies in a hurry.

The chancellor was right, that nobleman has a manliness of mind, which will not stoop to the disguise of any honest sentiments that occur to him. That France has spies and emissaries in Ireland, is beyond a question; that she may have them here too, and that they may watch the debates of both houses, is equally probable. It was indeed observed, at the time the learned lord made the remark, that a well-dressed foreigner, who is a constant attendant, walked off soon after.

By an antient ordinance of Spain, still in full force, the captains of ships of war are commanded to perish rather than lower the royal flag when once hung out!—Surely, then, an English captain will not suffer the flag of his country to be insulted.—Even the Roman fleet,—mere boats compared to the modern British,—maintained a sovereignty in its own seas!

BOSTON, *September 29.*

The inhabitants of the three counties of York, Cumberland and Lincoln, or so many of them as incline, or can conveniently attend, have been requested, in the Falmouth Gazette, "to meet at the meeting-house of the rev. Messieurs Smith and Dean, in Falmouth, on Wednesday the 5th day of October next, to join in a conference, then and there to be held, on the proposal of having the said counties erected into a separate government: and, if it should be thought best, to form some plan for collecting the sentiments of the people on the subject, and pursue some regular and orderly method of carrying the same into effect."

NEW-YORK, *October 1.*

The Irish propositions having undergone great alterations, beneficial in the highest degree to the parliament of that kingdom, as well as to the whole manufacturing interest of Great-Britain, a number of the principal personages from both houses of parliament, waited on his Britannic majesty, with the following address, stating their proceedings respecting an arrangement of that commercial business. It was presented on Wednesday the 27th of July, and is copied from the latest accounts from Britain now in this city.

"THAT his faithful commons have taken into their most serious consideration the important subject of the commercial intercourse between Great-Britain and Ireland, recommended in his majesty's speech at the opening of the present session, and the resolutions of the two houses of parliament, which were laid before us by his majesty's command on the 22d of February last.

"That after a long and careful investigation of the various questions necessarily arisen out of this comprehensive subject, we have come to the several resolutions which we now humbly present to your majesty; and which, we trust, will form the basis of an advantageous and permanent commercial settlement between his majesty's kingdoms of Great-Britain and Ireland.

"That we have proceeded on the foundation of the rights of the parliament of Ireland; but in considering of so extensive an arrangement, we have found it necessary to introduce some modifications and exceptions, and we have added such regulations and conditions as appeared to us indispensably necessary in establishing the proposed agreement on just and equitable foundations, for securing to both countries those commercial advantages, to an equal enjoyment of which they are in future to be entitled: That his majesty's subjects in Ireland, being secured in a full and lasting participation of the trade with the British colonies, must, we are persuaded, acknowledge the justice of their continuing to enjoy it on the same terms with his majesty's subjects in Great-Britain; and it is, we conceive, equally manifest, that as the ships and mariners of Ireland are to continue in, and enjoy the same privileges with those of Great-Britain, the same provisions should be adopted in Ireland as may be found necessary in this country for securing those advantages exclusively to the subjects of the empire. This object is essentially connected with the maritime strength of his majesty's dominions, and consequently with the safety and prosperity of both Great-Britain and Ireland: We therefore deem it indispensable that those points should be secured as considered necessary to the existence and duration of the agreement between the two countries; they can only be carried into effect by the laws to be passed in the parliament of Ireland, which are alone competent to bind his majesty's subjects in that kingdom, and whose legislative rights we shall ever hold as sacred as our own.

"It remains for the parliament of Ireland to judge according to their wisdom and discretion, of these conditions, as well as of every part of the settlement proposed to be established by mutual consent. Our purpose in these resolutions is to promote alike the commercial intercourse of his majesty's subjects in both countries, and we are persuaded that the common prosperity of the two kingdoms will be greatly advanced; the subjects of each will in future apply themselves to those branches of commerce, which they can best exercise with most advantage and wealth, as will operate as a great benefit to the whole. We have so far performed our part in this important business; and we trust that in the whole of its progress, reciprocal interests and mutual affection will insure that spirit of union so essentially necessary to the great end which the two countries have equally in view. In this persuasion we look forward with confidence to the final conclusion of a measure which, while it tends to perpetuate harmony and friendship between the two kingdoms, must, by augmenting their resources, uniting their efforts, and consolidating their strength, afford his majesty the surest means of establishing a lasting foundation to the safety, prosperity, and glory of the empire."

Oct. 5. From New Fairfield, Connecticut, we learn, that on the 22d of last month, a gentleman of that place shot a Moose, exceeding twenty hands high, his gun being loaded only with pigeon shot: He was started in the Oblong about eight o'clock in the morning, and, after a chase of eight hours, gave over running, and attacked his pursuers, when the fortunate huntsman came up with the chase, about a mile north of the upper society meeting-house: in the evening he was handsomely dressed, and afforded a delicious repast to the sons of Nimrod.

Extract of a letter from Cape-Anne, September 26.

"A ship this day arrived from Bilboa, and has brought a large jack ass, a present from his catholic majesty to general Washington, attended by a spaniard to take care of him, &c. He cost four hundred dollars in Spain, and is one of four purchased for general Washington; the others are embarked in different vessels for this country. It is esteemed a great favour, as none of these animals (particularly this great breed) are ever allowed to be exported from Spain."

Oct. 8. By the last letters from Michilimakinac we learn, that the part of Illinois on the continent of America, has suffered considerably by the inundation. The village of Cahoquias received the greatest damage, several houses having been carried away; and had it not been for the generous assistance of the inhabitants of the post at St. Louis, on the Spanish side, the consequences would have been of much more serious nature. There is no mention made of the number of lives lost; but all the grain was destroyed and the greater part of their cattle drowned. This event has occasioned so great a terror in the inhabitants, that many of them are determined to abandon the place, and establish themselves some leagues below.

Last Wednesday the foundation stone of the Roman catholic chapel was laid (on ground lately purchased in the [illegible] st. Paul's church, and now set apart for the performance of divine service) by his excellency Don Gardoqui, minister from his majesty the king of Spain.

About a fortnight ago, an extreme heavy equinoxial tempest arose on the coast of North-Carolina, which did prodigious execution upon the shipping and houses, to the immense loss of the inhabitants; a Flemish ship, a brigantine, a sloop, belonging to this port, and about twenty small craft were destroyed. Seven of the ship's hands, and one belonging to the brigantine were lost.

PHILADELPHIA, *October 6.*

Monday last arrived here the sloop Delaware, captain Warner, from Turks-Island; on the 24th ult. lat. 36. 30, in 25 fathoms water, in a violent gale of wind at N. E. about 9 A. M. the sloop was laid on her beam ends, and shifted her hold, but by cutting away her mast, they got her righted about 7 in the evening, having lost every thing off the deck, and all her water stove, they were reduced to the greatest distress. The Tuesday following they spoke the sloop Nancy, captain Welsh, from New-York for Charleston, who had rode out the gale under Cape May, from whom they got some supplies, but no water; the next day they went on shore at Currituck, to get supplies, but the gale had been so severe there, that the sea had made a breach into the Sound, and laid the country under water for two or three miles, washed away many houses, together with almost all their cattle and ground stock; many of the inhabitants were obliged to secure themselves in trees, several lives were lost, and the shore for some miles was covered with drowned cattle, household goods, &c. A Virginia built sloop was driven ashore in the gale, without any person on board, she had neither sails, spars or cargo. On the 29th, off Cape Henry, spoke a sloop, captain Petit, from Providence, Rhode-Island, for Baltimore, from whom they got a supply of water and other necessaries; the captain informed them he had that day seen a schooner of about 80 tons burthen, bottom upwards. Last Friday spoke a sloop, from Washington for this port, that had lost her anchors and cables at Ocracock bar; and on Saturday they met with a New-England schooner, who kindly took them in tow for upwards of thirty miles, till they got within our capes; they did not learn the captain's name, but acknowledge the kindness with gratitude.

Tuesday morning we had a very heavy shower of rain attended with heavy thunder and sharp lightening; and about six o'clock the house of Mr. Etris, in Fifth-street near Vine-street, was struck by the lightning, which did considerable damage to the two upper stories.

Oct. 7. The convention of the protestant episcopal church in several of the United States of America, viz. in the states of New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and Carolina, having sat in this city from the 27th of last month, finished their business in Christ's church, at [illegible] yesterday morning: and, we hear, that the liturgy of the church of England, as altered by the said convention, will be read the first time in Christ's church this morning, at eleven o'clock; and that a sermon will be preached suitable to the occasion.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Virginia, dated September 29.

"On Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, we had the most tremendous gale of wind ever known in this country, from N. E. to N. W. The whole town was overflown, and numbers of vessels drove into the cornfields and woods: store houses drifted from their foundations, and every kind of property floated with the tide. It is supposed the damage will amount to £. 30,000. Not less than 30 sail of vessels are on shore, but it is expected the greatest part will be got off."

Extract of a letter from l'Orient, dated August 5, 1785.

"We heard a few days ago that the Algerines have declared war against the United States of America: the enclosed translation is a faithful copy of an authentic letter wrote to our consuls on that subject, and by them communicated to us. Please to advise thereof any of your friends concerned in the shipping trade. We do not doubt congress will soon adopt some vigorous measure to quell those troublesome pirates."

Copy of a letter from the consuls of Nantes to the consuls of l'Orient.

"Gentlemen, We annex to this the copy of a letter that we have just received from M. de Soulange, by which he informs us that the Algerines have declared war against the United States of America, and that they are fitting out eight ships to take the American vessels. We request of you gentlemen to impart this intelligence to the captains of that nation who may now be in your harbour, in order for them to take some measures as to avoid falling into the hands of those pirates.

"We have the honour to be, &c."

Copy of M. de Soulange's letter to the consuls at Nantes.

Toulon, 14th July, 1785.

"*Gentlemen,*

"Commodore de Ligondes, who arrived from Algiers, on board the Minerva frigate, of which he has the command, has brought me intelligence that said state was fitting out eight ships, both xebecs and barques, from 18 to 36 guns, designed to cruise from Cape St. Vincent to the Western islands, in order to take the Americans, against whom they have declared war. I send you immediate advice thereof, gentlemen,

both for your own intereſt and to requeſt you will inſtantly give advice of this to the American captains.

"The Algerines have another diviſion of four veſſels, but too ſmall to occaſion any uneaſineſs.

"I am, &c."

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 20.

The Patowmack-Planter, captain Gover, from Virginia, bound to London, foundered on the 9th of July laſt. Part of the people were taken on board the Hampſhire, captain Burrows, arrived at Portſmouth, in England, and the reſt on board a Dutch ſhip.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the houſe of delegates in the enſuing general aſſembly, viz.

For St. Mary's county, Philip Key, Thomas Bond, William Somervill, and John De Butts, Eſquires.

For Kent county, Robert Maxwell, Peregrine Lethrbury, Richard Graves, and James Pearſe, Eſquires.

For Charles county, John Courts Jones, George Dent, jun. Zephaniah Turner, and John Hoſkins Stone, Eſquires.

For Talbot county, John Roberts, Pollard Edmondſon, Howes Goldſborough, and John Bracco, Eſquires.

For Dorcheſter county, Henry Waggaman, Levin Kirkman, William Ennalls Hooper, and Henry Ennalls, Eſquires.

For Prince-George's county, Walter Bowie, George Digges, Robert Bowie, and Fielder Bowie. Eſquires.

For Harford county, Benjamin Bradford Norris, John Love, James Bond, and Ignatius Wheeler, jun. Eſquires.

For Queen-Anne's county, John Seney, Clement Sewell, Joſhua Seney, and George Jackſon, Eſquires.

Annapolis, October 15, 1785.

PUBLIC SALE,

For ready money only,

On Wedneſday the 26th inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, near the Dock, for the benefit of the underwriters,

A GENERAL aſſortment of damaged goods, by the piece or package, from on board the ſhip Revolution from London.

JAMES RINGGOLD,
FRANCIS CRACROFT, } agents.
JAMES WILLIAMS,

Frederick county, October 8, 1785.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

TWO hundred and eighty-eight acres of exceeding good land, lying about ſeven miles from Frederick-town, on the road leading to Lancaſter and Baltimore, on which are two good dwelling houſes, two barns, and ſtables, with ſpring houſes on each place, and ſome convenient out houſes, two good apple orchards, with cherry, peach, and pear trees, twenty-five acres of meadow, and about thirty more may be made; alſo a good mill ſeat on a good ſtream of water, and in a part where grain is very plenty, which makes a merchant mill very profitable; the land lies level, the ſituation very pleaſant, and is as well adapted to grain, graſs, and tobacco, as any in the ſettlement. State certificates will be taken in payment for the ſame. Any gentleman inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid land may view the ſame, and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

JOHN SHEKELL, ſon of Richard.

N. B. There are about ſeventy acres now in wheat and rye, which will be ſold with the place.

Herring-bay, October 14, 1785.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE on Wedneſday the 14th of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THIRTY valuable negroes, ſuch as blackſmiths, carpenters, coopers, caulkers, ſawyers, ſeveral lads and boys, and a few young women and children; ſome cattle and horſes. The payments as follow, one fourth to be paid on delivery of the property, one fourth in four months, one fourth in eight months, and the other fourth in twelve months. Bonds on intereſt with approved ſecurity to be given before the property is delivered. w 3

DAVID WEEMS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tueſday the firſt of November, if not ſold before at private ſale,

A NEGRO GIRL, about fourteen years of age. Enquire of the printers.

CHESTER-TOWN RACES.

To be run for, on Wedneſday the 2d of November next, over a courſe at Cheſter-town,

A PURSE of THIRTY GUINEAS, three mile heats, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the jockey club at Annapolis, and on Thurſday following, will be run for, a purſe of TWENTY GUINEAS, carrying weight for blood and age as follows, viz. full blood aged horſes to carry nine ſtone four pounds, to deduct ſeven pounds for every year under age, and ten pounds for every fourth deficiency in blood, the winning horſe the firſt day excepted. Three reputed running horſes to ſtart, or no race. The judges will have ample power (in caſe of bad weather) to put off the racing to the enſuing fair day.

EDWARD WORRELL.

N. B. The eaſtern ſhore jockey club will ſit at the ſame time at Cheſter-town, when applications for admittance into the ſame will be properly attended to. w

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SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

FOR the diſpoſal of fifty lots in la Fayette Village, beautifully ſituated at the Cool Springs in St. Mary's county, allowed by the beſt judges to be as advantageous a ſituation for a manufacturing town as any on this continent. Charlotte Hall ſchool is now building within two hundred ſteps of the place. Theſe lots are to be laid off, and the inhabitants will have the advantage of educating their children, and gentlemen at a diſtance will have the advantage of boarding their children in this village. The healthfulneſs of this place, and the virtue of the waters, are too generally known to need a deſcription. The drawing will be performed under the inſpection and by the directions of Meſſieurs Henry Tubman, William and John Cartwright, and Hanſon Briſcoe, managers, who will ſee the prizes punctually paid, and the lots conveyed to the fortunate adventurers; prizes not called for in ſix months will be deemed generouſly given to Charlotte Hall ſchool. The drawing will commence at the Cool Springs on the tenth day of January 1786, or ſooner if full, and the fortunate numbers will be inſerted in the Annapolis and Alexandria news-papers.

The ſcheme is as follows: Fifty lots, to contain ſixty feet front and one hundred feet back each, ſubject to a ground-rent of one penny per foot, and five ſhillings to be paid on every alienation, with ſo much woodland as annexed to each number.

1 is an improved lot with 10 acres of wood, value		£. 300
2 unimproved ditto with 5 acres ditto ditto		150
4 ditto ditto ditto ditto	2½	160
8 ditto ditto ditto ditto	1	184
16 ditto ditto ditto ditto	½	160
19 ditto ditto feet by 100	60	95
50 Lots		
450 Prizes at 20/ and the firſt drawn 20/		450
500 Prizes		£. 1500 0 0
2000 Tickets at 15/		£. 1500 0 0

Annapolis, October 1, 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general aſſembly at their next ſeſſion, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground, in the precincts of Annapolis, which I formerly bought of a certain colonel Charles Hammond, and which was by him purchaſed of a certain Thomas Larkin, of Anne-Arundel county. w 8

NATHAN HAMMOND.

St. Mary's county, October 10, 1785.

THIS is to forewarn all perſons from hunting or going through my plantation with gun or dogs from the date hereof, as I am determined to take the advantage of the law in that caſe made and provided.

WILLIAM GREENWELL, jun.

October 19, 1785.

ALL thoſe that have any claims againſt the eſtate of Thomas Pindle, late of Prince-George's county, deceaſed, are hereby once more requeſted to bring them in properly atteſted, to

MARY PINDLE, executrix,
RICHARD PINDLE, executor

October 14, 1785.

RAN away from Queen-Anne, on Monday the 10th inſtant, CHRISTOPHER SEAHORN, he is a well looking man, about 23 years of age, his cloathing not known, he is a young fellow who profeſſes the dexterity of hand, and has been with a woman whom he calls his mother, and one Thompſon, with Bailey's puppets; he took with him a young bay mare, about 13 and a half hands high, with a long tail, trots and gallops, and has no other gait. Whoever ſecures him and the mare ſhall be paid for their trouble four pounds ten ſhillings, or four dollars for the mare alone, he is a villain, and it is to be hoped every good perſon will do their beſt endeavours to ſecure him; he likewiſe ſtole a parcel of cloaths from his companion which I cannot deſcribe.

MARSH M. DUVALL.

Annapolis, October 19, 1785.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from this city, about three weeks ago, a light gray HORSE, full fifteen hands and a half high, riſing eight years old. Whoever will deliver the ſaid horſe to the printer ſhall receive four dollars reward.

THERE is at the plantation of Samuel Tyler, in Prince-George's county, near the governor's bridge, taken up as a ſtray, a bright bay MARE, about thirteen hands high, has a blaze face, four white feet, and branded on the near buttock with ſomething like an horſe ſhoe, and appears to be riſing four years old. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. w 3

Houſes and Lots for Sale.

Prince-George's county, September 5, 1785.

To be SOLD, to the higheſt bidder, on Tueſday the 1ſt of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THREE houſes and lots in Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Patuxent river, two of which are ſtone houſes, and perhaps ſuperior to any other in that place, as they are new and in good repair; the other a ſmall dwelling houſe, occupied at preſent by Mr. Sollers, it will be needleſs to ſay much in favour of that place, as it is ſo generally known to be one of the firſt inſpections for tobacco on that river; they will be ſold together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. A very conſiderable credit will be given, on giving bond on intereſt, with approved ſecurity.

HENRIETTA M. WALKER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next ſeſſion of the general aſſembly, for a law to remedy the defect in a leaſe from Joſias Shaw, late of Prince-George's county, to me, for the plantation where the ſaid Shaw did live, the ſaid leaſe not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

JAMES WILSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcribers intend to petition the next general aſſembly to paſs a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorcheſter county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Poole.

JAMES POOLE,
SARAH FERGUSON.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly to confirm and make valid a certain inſtrument of writing, purporting to be the laſt will and teſtament of his late father.

BEALE HAMMOND.

Auguſt 19, 1785.

THE ſubſcriber, confined in the common gaol of Cæcil county for debt, intends to petition the general aſſembly at their firſt ſitting for his liberation. w 8

THOMAS MANUEL.

Auguſt 30, 1785.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general aſſembly for ſuch reſtitution of, or compenſation for, my property, which has been ſold as confiſcated, as they in juſtice ſhall think reaſonable. w 8

JONATHAN HAGAR.

Charles county, September 16, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general aſſembly at their next meeting, praying them to paſs an act to alter the main road leading from Piles's warehouſe to Allen's Freſh, the road as now laid out being impaſſable for carriages of any kind.

Auguſt 10, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general aſſembly to make valid and good in law, a deed of bargain and ſale from Eraſmus Gill, ſen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barneby Reſurveyed, and Clovin Courſe, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the ſixth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Eraſmus Gill and Caſſandra his wife, not recorded as the act of aſſembly requireth.

THOMAS CONTEE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcribers intend to petition the next general aſſembly to paſs a law to enable Sarah Ferguſon to convey all the land lying on an iſland in Dorcheſter county, called Ferguſon's Iſland, unto Thomas Donnack and his heirs.

THOMAS DONNACK,
SARAH FERGUSON.

A PETITION will be preſented to the next general aſſembly, for an allowance in the ſeveral counties of balances due the eſtate of the late Mrs. Anne Catharine Green, as printer to the then province of Maryland.

September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general aſſembly, to paſs a law to empower the juſtices of Somerſet county court, to extend the cauſeway through the marſh on the ſouth ſide of Wiccomico river, oppoſite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge acroſs a ſmall creek over which the road muſt paſs, and alſo to build a wharf at the end of the ſaid cauſeway.

Charles county, July 25, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general aſſembly of Maryland, for that uſeful Bridle-way, ſtopped up by Eleanor Boarman, to be opened.

Auguſt 20, 1785.

THE ſubſcriber, confined in the common gaol of Cæcil county for debt, intends to petition the general aſſembly at their firſt ſitting for his liberation. w 8

PATRICK RHEA.

IN COUNCIL, AUGUST 18, 1783.

RESOLVED,

THAT the following claims, which have been exhibited to this board, to be approved and paſſed in order for payment, out of thoſe funds appropriated by law for ſatisfaction of certain debts, and which this board is of opinion ought not to be ſatisfied out of the ſaid funds, or paſſed, and allowed, for the reaſons and objections ſtated, be publiſhed, with the ſaid reaſons and objections, for the information of the claimants,

Claimants.	Againſt whom.	Reaſons why not paſſed.
Lancelot Cooper	Richard Button	The claimant and debtor both being Britiſh ſubjects.
James Somerville	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
James Brown and Co. Piſcataway	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Ditto Bladenſburg	Ditto	Same.
William and Robert Molleſon	Robert Alexander	Same.
James Gordon and Co.	Lloyd Dulany	Same.
William Palmer	Robert Chriſtie, jun.	Same.
William Molleſon	Robert Alexander	Same.
Aſhburner and Place	Ditto	Same.
Anne C. Green, deceaſed	James Chriſtie	Same.
William Sydebotham	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Hugh Dean's bond	James and Robert Chriſtie	
Thomas Cockey Deye	Ditto	
George Wells	James Chriſtie	
Lawrence Oneal	John Glaſsford, and Co.	
John Gardiner	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Rachel Pottinger	Ditto	
Nathan Hodge	Ditto	
Samuel Higgins	Ditto	
Robert Pottinger	Ditto	
Edward Parkinſon	Ditto	
Morice Miles	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Joſeph Braſhear	Ditto	
Elizabeth Simmons	Ditto	
Benjamin Harwood	Ditto	
Richard Duckett	Ditto	
Arnold Waters	Ditto	
John Sellman	Ditto	
Sarah Harwood	Ditto	
Jeremiah Magruder	Ditto	
Joſhua Clark	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett	Ditto	
Jeſſe Simmons	Ditto	
Jacob Green	Ditto	
William Mears	Ditto	
Anne Orme	Ditto	
Mary Watkins	Ditto	
George Gardiner	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett and others	Ditto	
Lawrence Oneal	Mackie, Spiers, French, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	No evidence that the debts due to their eſtates are inſufficient to ſatisfy the claims againſt them.
Richard Harbert	Nottingham Company	
Charles Graham, deceaſed	Ditto	
Joſeph Brownley	Ditto	
Thomas M'Lockland	Ditto	
Michael Jenkins	Ditto	
Joſhua Smith	Ditto	
Archibald Buchanan and Co.	James Ruſſell and Co.	
Jenkins	Ditto	
Edward Day & uxor	Ditto	
Aquila Hall, deceaſed	Ditto	
Gibſon and Donaldſon	Ditto	
Amos Davis	Ditto	
Peter Hunter, two accounts	James Ruſſell	
William Evans	Ditto	
Hanſon Briſcoe	Ditto	
John Gant	Principio Company	
Nathaniel Chapman's executors	Colin, Dunlop, and Co.	
John Peter	Daniel Stephenſon	
Richard Ponſonby	Cunningham, Finley, and Co.	
Lawrence Oneal	Daniel Stephenſon	
George Croſs	Ditto	
George Conn	Ditto	
John Lowe	Ditto	
Walter Williams, jun.	Daniel Stephenſon	
James Wilſon	Ditto	
John Gant	Henry Addiſon	
Chriſtopher Edelin	Walter Dulany	
John Cadwalader, two accounts	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Elizabeth Humphries	Thomas French	
Joſiah Mitchell	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	
Col. Sharp	Daniel Dulany, of Daniel	
William Inyard	Nottingham Company	
Abram Andrews	James Chriſtie	
Joſeph Stiles	The rev. Mr. Edmiſton	The property of Mr. Edmiſton, which was reſtored to Mrs. Edmiſton, is liable for the debts.
Andrew Davidſon	Anthony Stewart	This debt was contracted after Mr. Stewart left the ſtate.
Jean Caldcleugh	James Chalmers	This debt originated ſince the revolution.
James Anderſon and ſon	Lloyd Dulany	No vouchers to ſupport the claim.
William Embleton	Robert Chriſtie	The agreement on which this account is founded muſt be produced.
James Long	Ditto	The probate by the executor defective and inſufficient.
James Dick and Stewart	Ditto	The probate not ſufficient.
Moſes Galloway	Ditto	M. Galloway's certificate is defective, the perſon, in whoſe poſſeſſion Mr. Chriſtie's books are, muſt certify what the claim is.
Robert Crawford	Ditto	This account will not paſs, as the ſheriff is chargeable only on ſuppoſition there was an eſcape, and there is no evidence produced of it.
Benjamin Griffith and Co.	Samuel Hyde	Not ſufficient evidence of the claim, nor any confiſcated property of Samuel Hyde's to pay his debts.
Sabina Rumſey	Ditto	Same.
Jane and Thomas Contee	Dr. Henry Stevenſon	The credits muſt be aſcertained.
Shields and Mattiſon	Ditto	Same.
George M'Candleſs	Ditto	Same.
John Stevenſon, deceaſed	Dr. Henry Stevenſon	Wants the neceſſary credits for Dr. Stevenſon's attendance as a phyſician.
Jonathan Plowman's adminiſtrators		

Claimants.	Againſt whom.	Reaſons why not paſſed.
Anne Ogle	Anthony Stewart	The original bond muſt be produced.
Ditto	Rev. Jonathan Boucher	The original bond muſt be produced, and evidence that the debts due to Mr. Boucher are inſufficient to ſatisfy the claims againſt him.
James Dick and Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation, and the probate is defective and inſufficient, not being made as preſcribed by law.
Executors of James Dick	Ditto	Wants explanation, and alſo not admiſſible for want of vouchers and a probate.
Charles Steuart, ſecurity with Daniel Dulany, of Walter, for A. Stewart	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Wants explanation and proof, and the obligee ought to be paid and bond taken up, before the one ſecurity be ſatisfied out of the eſtate of the other, as ſuch ſatisfaction would be no bar to the obligee's right to take his remedy againſt the other ſecurity.
Charles Steuart, ſecurity for A. Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation and better proof, and the bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim can be admitted.
Bennett Neale	Alexander Lawſon and Co.	Apply to A. Lawſon and Co. for payment.
William Smith, ſecurity for Dr. Stevenſon, to A. Hoops	Dr. H. Stevenſon	The bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim is admiſſible.
George Fitzhugh	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Probate wanting by George Fitzhugh, that he has received no ſatisfacton from Daniel Dulany, or indemnification for the ſaid claim.
Hambleton Davidſon	Robert Chriſtie, jun.	Wants explanation and information.
Clement Sewell	Robert Alexander	No probate that R. Alexander received the money; Mr. Sewell only makes a memorandum of his belief, *not upon oath.*
George M'Candleſs	Nottingham Company	This being a private account againſt Corbin Lee is inadmiſſible as a claim againſt the company.
Shields and Mattiſon	Ditto	Same.
Clement Sewell, adminiſtrator of Mrs. Smith	James Chalmers	It appears by Mr. Chalmers's books and other vouchers, that there will be nothing due the eſtate of Mrs. Smith on a ſettlement of their accounts.
Joſeph Harris	Ditto	Same.
Barbara Harris	Ditto	Same.
Thomas Riche	Ditto	Same.
Sylvanus Prothero, aſſigned to Robert Anderſon	Ditto	Same.
John Moore	Ditto	Same.
Gideon Haynes	Ditto	By an account current exhibited by Mr. Chalmers, it appears that Mr. Haynes is indebted to him for rent after the expiration of his leaſe.

By order, T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.

St. Mary's county, October, 1785.

To be SOLD on the premiſes, to the higheſt bidder, agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Hugh Hopewell, deceaſed, on the third Friday in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A VERY valuable tract of land, ſituated on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, containing upwards of 500 acres, four miles from the mouth of Patuxent, and adjoining Town creek; on the land are a large cow houſe, and ſeveral other houſes convenient for three families; its proſpect and ſituation for fiſh and oyſters are equal to any on Patuxent river; there are about 200 acres in cultivation, and upwards of 300 well wooded and timbered; there may be erected a very good water mill at a ſmall expence, as there formerly ſtood a mill, and nothing is now wanting but the houſe; the plantation is in good repair, and immediate poſſeſſion will be given. Four or five years credit will be given the purchaſer for the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, as may be agreed on the day of ſale, on his giving bond with intereſt and approved ſecurity.

All perſons having claims againſt the aforeſaid Hugh Hopewell, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them to Charles Chilton, who is authoriſed to receive any monies due the eſtate of the ſaid Hugh Hopewell, and give every neceſſary acquittance or diſcharge, or to the ſubſcriber, that they may be adjuſted and paid, and all thoſe who are any ways indebted to the eſtate are requeſted immediately to ſettle and diſcharge the ſame. Thoſe who neglect complying with this notice may depend on being dealt with as the law directs. w 4

2 HANNAH HOPEWELL, executrix.

Somerſet, September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general aſſembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the ſwamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilſon and Jeſſe King, till it interſects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocoſin's.

3

State of Maryland, September 27, 1785.

ALL perſons having any claims againſt the eſtate of Joſhua Sanders, late of Charles county, deceaſed, either by bond, note, or open account, are requeſted to ſend them in, and thoſe indebted are deſired to make immediate payment, to

2 WILLIAM LEIGH, for
ANNE SANDERS, adminiſtratrix.

Queen Anne's county, October 1, 1785.

BACON hams and ſhoulders of the beſt quality to be ſold; if wanted for exportation they are warranted to keep perfectly ſound a nine months voyage. If an equal number of each are taken, the price is fifteen pence per pound. w 4

2 ROBERT BROWNE.

Lands at Private Sale.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, at private ſale,

TWO very valuable tracts of land, ſituate and lying as follows, viz: one on the Head of South river, within three miles of navigable water on ſaid river, and about the ſame diſtance from the river Patuxent, containing about 800 acres, well adapted for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and particularly the latter, it is well watered and timbered, and has a very good mill ſtream running through it; ſome meadow ground, and much more may be made; its improvements are, an exceeding good dwelling houſe with three large rooms on each floor, a kitchen and quarter, corn houſe, ſtable, tobacco houſe, two very fine apple orchards, together with a number of other very valuable fruit trees.

One other tract, containing nearly the ſame quantity of acres, lying within five miles of the above, ſituate in the fork of the river Patuxent, and commonly known by the name of the Fork Quarter, or Duvall's Range; ſeveral ſaw mills might be erected to great advantage, it being better wooded than any land within many miles; at leaſt 200 acres of very excellent meadow may be made; its improvements are, a dwelling houſe, quarter, corn houſe, ſtable, tobacco houſe, alſo two apple orchards. No perſon need apply that cannot pay down at leaſt two thirds of the purchaſe money for either of the above tracts of land; for the remaining third part twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved ſecurity.

2 THOMAS RUTLAND.

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the deceaſed Joſhua Sanders's plantation, at Newport, the firſt of November next, and continued until all are ſold,

FOURTEEN valuable country born negroes, all the ſtock and houſehold furniture thereon, by

2 WILLIAM LEIGH, for
ANNE SANDERS, adminiſtratrix.

N B. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the next general aſſembly of Maryland, praying that a law may paſs to convey in fee ſimple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Croſs and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceaſed, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

2

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general aſſembly at their next ſeſſion, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathan Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchaſed of Thomas Larkin.

10th Oct. 1785. 2 W. PACA.

September 28, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes, on Tueſday the 1ſt of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Braſhier's Procoſon, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladenſburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling houſe 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen 16 feet ſquare, a good meat and milk houſe, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a ſhed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco houſe in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a ſmall expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchaſe money to be paid at the time of ſale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good ſecurity, by

3 X JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing at private ſale may apply before the day of public ſale.

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785.

THE ſubſcribers having become ſecurities for Joſeph Burroughs to the ſtate of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county, the ſaid Burroughs having abſconded without leaving effects ſufficient to diſcharge the aforeſaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general aſſembly, for leave to ſell the land purchaſed of the ſtate by the aforeſaid Burroughs. 8 w

2 JAMES CHAPPELEAR,
THOMAS LOCK.

October 10 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general aſſembly at their next ſeſſion, for a law to confirm the right and title of all thoſe lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the poſſeſſion of his deviſees and heirs for upwards of ſixty years laſt paſt. 8 w

2 MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend preferring a petition to the next general aſſembly of this ſtate, to empower us to make ſale of certain lands being in the counties of Waſhington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompſon, deceaſed.

4 JOHN HAWKINS,
LILBURN WILLIAMS.

Auguſt 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the next general aſſembly for an act to enable the ſubſcriber to reconvey, in the name of Lucretia Edmondſon, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Diſcovery, to Michael Smith, of the ſame county. 8 w

7 DAVID KERR.

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